

# Arima-HiC Kit

User Guide for Plant Tissues 8 reactions

Material Part Number: A510008 Document Part Number: A160135 v01 Release Date: October 2019 This product is intended for research use only. This product is not intended for diagnostic purposes.

This document and its contents are proprietary to Arima Genomics, Inc ("Arima Genomics"). Use of this document is intended solely for Arima Genomics customers for use with the Arima-HiC Kit, PN A510008, and for no other purpose. This document and its contents shall not be used, distributed or reproduced in whole or in part and/or otherwise communicated or disclosed without the prior written consent of Arima Genomics.

This user manual must be read in advance of using the product and strictly followed by qualified and properly trained personnel to ensure proper use of the Arima-HiC kit. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product, injury to persons, and/or damage to other property. Arima Genomics does not assume any liability resulting from improper use of its products or others referenced herein.

U.S. Patent No. US 9,434,985 pertains to the use of this product.

#### TRADEMARKS

Illumina<sup>®</sup>, MiSeq<sup>®</sup>, NextSeq<sup>®</sup>, HiSeq<sup>®</sup>, and NovaSeq<sup>™</sup> are trademarks of Illumina, Inc. AMPure<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Beckman Coulter, Inc. KAPA<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Roche Molecular Systems, Inc. Qubit<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc. SSIbio<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Scientific Specialties, Inc. Bio-Rad<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. Sigma<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Sigma-Aldrich Co., LLC. CelLytic<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Sigma-Aldrich Co., LLC. Cole-Parmer<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Cole-Parmer Instrument Company, LLC. Fisher Scientific<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Fisher Scientific Company, LLC.

© 2019, Arima Genomics, Inc. All rights reserved.

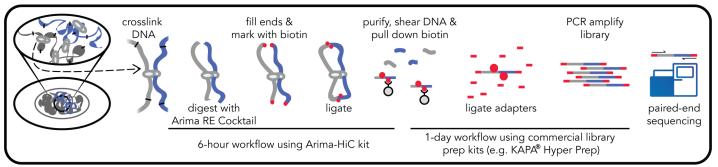
## **Revision History**

Document	Date	Description of Change
Material Part Number: A510008 Document Part Number: A160135 v00	November 2018	Initial Release
<b>Material Part Number:</b> A510008 <b>Document Part Number:</b> A160135 v01	October 2019	<ul> <li>Added Crosslinking protocol and associated user-supplied reagents, consumables, equipment, and buffer recipes.</li> <li>Replaced previous Nuclei Isolation protocol with a Nuclei Isolation protocol using Sigma CelLytic<sup>™</sup> kit. Added associated user-supplied reagents, consumables, and equipment.</li> <li>Revised Enzyme A1 and A2 incubation from 30 to 60 min. in Arima-HiC Protocol section.</li> <li>Added guidance for optional overnight Enzyme D incubation in Arima-HiC Protocol section.</li> </ul>

### Table of Contents

Introduction	5
Arima-HiC Quick Reference Protocol	6
Arima-HiC Kit Contents and Storage Info	7
Getting Started	8-10
Crosslinking	11
Nuclei Isolation	12
Estimating Input Amount	13-14
Arima-HiC Protocol	15-17
Arima-QC1 Quality Control	18
Warranty and Contact Info	19

# Introduction



### 1.1 Arima-HiC Workflow Overview

Arima-HiC is an experimental workflow that captures the sequence and structure (three-dimensional conformation) of genomes. Arima-HiC has been successfully performed on a wide-range of species from the plant and animal kingdoms. As illustrated in the Arima-HiC workflow schematic above, chromatin from a sample source (tissues, cell lines, or blood) is first crosslinked to preserve the genome sequence and structure. The crosslinked chromatin is then digested using a restriction enzyme (RE) cocktail. The 5'-overhangs are then filled in, causing the digested ends to be labeled with a biotinylated nucleotide. Next, spatially proximal digested ends of DNA are ligated, capturing the sequence and structure of the genome. The ligated DNA is then purified, producing pure proximally-ligated DNA. The proximally-ligated DNA is then fragmented, and the biotinylated fragments are enriched. The enriched fragments are then subjected to a <u>custom</u> library preparation protocol utilizing a range of supported commercially available library prep kits. Depending on the choice of library prep kit, a separate Arima-HiC Library Prep user guide is provided that contains a custom protocol for converting proximally-ligated DNA to Arima-HiC libraries.

### 1.2 Sequencing and Data Analysis

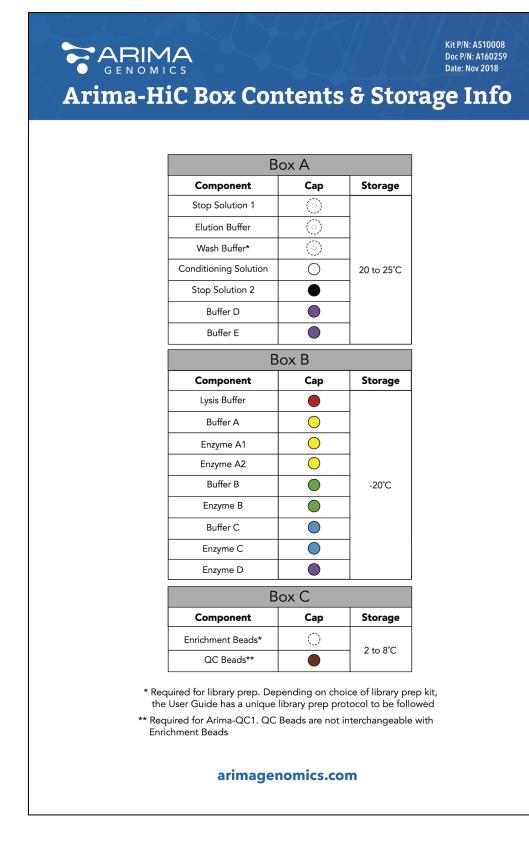
Arima-HiC libraries are sequenced via Illumina<sup>®</sup> sequencers in "paired-end" mode. The resulting data is referred to as Arima-HiC data. The tools necessary for analyzing Arima-HiC data depend on the application. For example, for studying 3D genome conformation, Arima-HiC data can be processed using publicly available tools such as Juicer (Durand, 2016a) or Hi-C Pro (Servant, 2015), and genome organizational features such as compartments, TADs, and loops can be identified and visualized using tools such as Juicebox (Durand, 2016b). These tools require usage modifications and/or custom input files that are specific to Arima-HiC data, so please contact Technical Support for assistance implementing these tools. Additionally, because paired-end reads of Arima-HiC data can originate from distal sequences along the linear genome, these data capture short- and long-range DNA contiguity information that is valuable for applications such as *de novo* assembly and genome scaffolding. Therefore, Arima-HiC data can be mapped to contigs/unitigs using our mapping pipeline (https://github.com/ArimaGenomics) or Juicer, and then the contigs/unitigs can be scaffolded using tools such as SALSA (Ghurye, 2019) or 3D-DNA (Dudchenko, 2017). Please contact Technical Support for more information.

## Arima-HiC Quick Reference Protocol



Arima-HiC Kit User Guide for Plant Tissues Doc A160135 v01

### Arima-HiC Kit Contents and Storage Info



## **Getting Started**

#### 2.1 Handling and Preparation

- Several steps during the *Arima-HiC Protocol* require preparation of a master mix. Sufficient reagent has been included in the kit to make master mixes with 10% excess volume. Use the master mix calculation tables provided.
- When handling reagents, room temperature (RT) is defined as 20 to 25°C.
- If the Arima-HiC Protocol is performed in PCR plates or PCR tubes, ensure to have a total volume capacity of at least 320µL. See Section 2.2 for recommended PCR plates and PCR tubes. Also, ensure that plates and/or tubes are compatible with thermal cyclers and other required equipment. Using seals and caps for PCR plates and tubes is required.
- All kit reagents should be fully thawed and thoroughly mixed before use.
- Stop Solution 1, ○Conditioning Solution, and ●Buffer D from Box A may contain precipitates. If present, these precipitates must be dissolved before use. Heating these reagents at 37°C for 5-15 minutes may be necessary to dissolve precipitates.
- During handling and preparation, reagents from **Box A** should be kept at RT.
- During handling and preparation, reagents from **Box B** should be kept on ice, except for **Enzyme D**, which should be kept on ice but warmed to room temperature just before use.
- Enzyme solutions from **Box B** are viscous and require special attention during pipetting.

#### 2.2 User-supplied reagents, consumables, and equipment checklist

PC2 Buffer and PQ2 Buffer (see Section 2.3 for recipes)

CelLytic<sup>™</sup> Plant Nuclei Extraction Kit (Sigma Cat # CELLYTPN1)

DTT (Sigma Cat # D9779)

Protease Inhibitor Cocktail for Plants (Sigma Cat # P9599)

Freshly prepared 80% Ethanol

DNA Purification Beads (e.g. Beckman Coulter Cat # A63880)

Qubit<sup>®</sup> Fluorometer, dsDNA HS Assay Kit and consumables (e.g. Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat # 32851, 32856)

Liquid nitrogen and dry ice

Funnel

Ceramic mortar and pestle (Cole-Parmer® Cat # UX-63100-63)

Metal spatula (Cole-Parmer<sup>®</sup> Cat # SI-06369-16)

Cold-resistant gloves

50mL conical tubes with 7 holes punched through the caps using a 20-gauge needle or similarly sized hole punch (to allow for air flow)

Vacuum source and tubing

Desiccator with stopcock (e.g. Thermo Scientific<sup>™</sup> Cat # 5310-0250) Small cloth bag with drawstring (e.g. ULINE Cat # S-17831 or S-870), or comparable bag that is permeable to liquid and can be sealed shut. 1.7mL microcentrifuge tubes, PCR tubes (SSIbio<sup>®</sup> Cat # 3247-00), or PCR plates (Bio-Rad<sup>®</sup> Cat # HSS9641) and magnetic rack compatible with tube selection. Centrifuge

Thermal cycler (if performing Arima-HiC in PCR tubes or PCR plate)

Thermomixer (if performing Arima-HiC in 1.7mL microcentrifuge tubes)

### 2.3 Buffer Recipes

**PC2 Buffer** – The **PC2 Buffer** must be prepared fresh and used the same day as it is prepared. The following recipe is sufficient for at least 8 samples. Scale up or down as needed. After the **PC2 Buffer** is prepared, mix gently by inversion until homogeneous and store at room temperature (RT) until use.

Reagent	Stock Vendor	Stock Cat #	Stock Concentration	Final Concentration	Stock Amount
Water	Fisher Scientific <sup>®</sup>	50-843-406			389.1mL
Formaldehyde	Fisher Scientific <sup>®</sup>	F79-500	37%	1%	10.9mL
				Total	400mL

**PQ2 Buffer –** The **PQ2 Buffer** may be prepared in advance using sterile technique to avoid contamination. The following recipe is sufficient for at least 8 samples. Scale up or down as needed. After the **PQ2 Buffer** is prepared, mix by inversion and shaking until homogeneous and store at room temperature (RT) until use.

Reagent	Stock Vendor	Stock Cat #	Final Concentration	Stock Amount
Glycine	Sigma®	G7126-100G	125mM	3.75g
Water	Fisher Scientific <sup>®</sup>	50-843-406		Fill to 400mL
			Total	400mL

### 2.4 Optimal read length, sequencing depth, and number of Arima-HiC reactions per sample

Arima-HiC libraries must be sequenced in paired-end mode, and are compatible with most Illumina<sup>®</sup> sequencing machines (e.g. MiSeq<sup>®</sup>, NextSeq<sup>®</sup>, HiSeq<sup>®</sup>, NovaSeq<sup>™</sup>) and a variety of read lengths. We generally recommend 2x150bp read length on the HiSeq<sup>®</sup> or NovaSeq<sup>™</sup> instruments to optimize for sequencing throughput and Arima-HiC data alignment quality, although shorter read lengths (e.g.

2x50bp, 2x100bp) and lower throughput instruments can certainly be used for certain applications of Arima-HiC data such as 3D genome conformation analysis and genome scaffolding.

The optimal sequencing depth for Arima-HiC libraries also depends on the application. For studying 3D genome conformation, the ability to detect certain genome organization features depends on the sequencing depth. For ~3Gb genomes such as mouse and human, we generally recommend obtaining at least 600 million read-pairs *per biological condition* for high-resolution analyses of A/B compartments, TADs, and chromatin loops. One way of obtaining at least 600 million read-pairs is by combining at least 300 million read-pairs from 2 biological replicates. In doing so, you will be able to assess the overall reproducibility of the Arima-HiC data across replicates, and then used the combined replicate Arima-HiC dataset for high-resolution chromatin conformation analyses. Alternatively, one can obtain at least 600 million read-pairs *per biological replicates* as a "high confidence" set of structural features supported by their observation in both replicates. For lower resolution analyses of A/B compartments and TADs, we generally recommend obtaining at least 300 million read-pairs per biological condition. For help estimating the optimal sequencing depth for different genome sizes or analysis goals, please contact Technical Support.

For applications such as *de novo* assembly and genome scaffolding, the required sequencing depth can vary depending on the quality of contig/unitigs that are being scaffolded using Arima-HiC data. For a 3Gb genome, we recommend obtaining up to 600M read-pairs, as this is the amount of sequencing that is currently utilized from Arima-HiC libraries for genome scaffolding by the Vertebrate Genome Project (VGP) consortia. The amount of sequencing required scales linearly with the genome size (e.g. up to 200M read-pairs for a 1Gb genome).

Lastly, it is important to note that each Arima-HiC library should pass the Arima-QC2 assay and be evaluated for library complexity prior to deep sequencing. As a general rule, each Arima-HiC library should be complex enough to sequence up to ~600M read-pairs without reaching saturation. If >600M read-pairs of Arima-HiC data are needed, it may be more efficient to sequence a second Arima-HiC library than sequence deeper into the first Arima-HiC library.

#### 2.5 How to cite Arima-HiC in publications

When citing the Arima-HiC protocol or kit, one may write: "Hi-C data was generated using the Arima-HiC kit, according to the manufacturers protocols". Please reference the catalog number found on the kit packaging.

Input: Fresh or frozen plant tissue diced in 2cm pieces Output: Crosslinked plant tissue

**Before you begin:** The following protocol crosslinks diced plant tissue using formaldehyde under vacuum pressure to help penetrate the tissue. If possible, set the vacuum pressure to 400 millibar (~5.8 psi), although standard tissue culture vacuum pressure will suffice. Prior to crosslinking, it is important to weigh the plant tissue and record the mass. Use between 1-2 grams of diced plant tissue for crosslinking.

- 1. <u>Thaw</u> tissue if frozen, and <u>place</u> tissue into a small cloth bag. <u>Seal</u> bag using drawstring.
- 2. <u>Setup</u> the crosslinking reaction by placing the sealed cloth bag containing plant tissue into the bottom of a 50mL conical tube. <u>Prepare</u> a desiccator by connecting the desiccator stopcock to a vacuum source using appropriately sized tubing.
- 3. <u>Add</u> **PC2 Buffer** to the 50ml conical tube containing plant tissue until the **PC2 Buffer** solution reaches the 50mL mark. The tissue MUST be fully submerged.
- 4. <u>Cap</u> the 50mL conical tubes using caps that have several puncture holes to allow airflow, <u>place</u> the capped sample tube upright into the desiccator, and <u>close</u> the desiccator lid.
- 5. <u>Apply</u> vacuum pressure by turning on the vacuum and <u>incubate</u> for 10 min. Subtle bubbling should be visible in the **PC2 Buffer** and persist throughout the incubation.
- 6. <u>Release</u> vacuum pressure by turning off the vacuum and <u>incubate</u> for 10 min.
- 7. <u>Apply</u> vacuum pressure again by turning on the vacuum and incubating for 10 min. Subtle bubbling should be visible in the **PC2 Buffer** and persist throughout the incubation.
- 8. <u>Remove</u> the desiccator lid and sample tube cap. <u>Pour out</u> the **PC2 Buffer** while leaving the cloth bag containing plant sample in the 50mL conical tube.
- 9. <u>Add</u> **PQ2 Buffer** to the 50ml conical tube containing plant tissue until the **PQ2 Buffer** solution reaches the 50mL mark. The tissue MUST be fully submerged.
- 10. <u>Cap</u> the 50mL conical tubes using caps that have several puncture holes to allow airflow, <u>place</u> the capped sample tube upright into the desiccator, and <u>close</u> the desiccator lid.
- 11. <u>Apply</u> vacuum pressure by turning on the vacuum and <u>incubate</u> for 10 min.
- 12. <u>Remove</u> the desiccator lid and sample tube cap. <u>Pour out</u> the **PQ2 Buffer** while leaving the cloth bag containing plant sample in the 50mL conical tube.
- 13. <u>Add</u> **Water** to the 50ml conical tube containing plant tissue until the **Water** reaches the 50mL mark and then pour out the water. <u>Repeat</u> this process 3 times to wash the tissue.
- 14. Empty plant tissue from cloth bag onto aluminum foil, pat dry, and seal by folding.
- 15. <u>Snap-freeze</u> sample by submerging the aluminum foil containing plant tissue in liquid nitrogen, and then <u>store</u> at -80°C until ready to proceed to the *Nuclei Isolation* protocol.

## Nuclei Isolation

Input: Crosslinked plant tissue (e.g. crosslinked seedlings or grass) Output: Crosslinked Nuclei

**Before you begin:** Prior to nuclei isolation, it is important to weigh the frozen crosslinked plant tissue and record the mass. Use between 1-2 grams of crosslinked frozen plant tissue for nuclei isolation. The input mass of plant tissue will be used later in the *Nuclei Isolation* protocol, as well as the following *Estimating Input Amount* protocol. Also, note that the *Nuclei Isolation* protocol requires the handling of liquid nitrogen, dry ice, and other severely cold equipment. Please use extra caution and wear cold-resistant gloves as needed.

- <u>Complete</u> a semi-pure plant nuclei extraction using the CelLytic<sup>™</sup> Plant Nuclei Isolation/ Extraction Kit according to the manufacturer's recommendations for Cell Lysis (Section A) and Semi-pure Preparation of Nuclei (Section B2). For the tissue grinding (Section A3), we recommend grinding for 20 min.
- Upon completion the nuclei isolation, <u>aliquot</u> sample using NIBA provided in the CelLytic<sup>™</sup> Plant Nuclei Isolation/Extraction Kit such that each aliquot contains the equivalent of ~125mg of the original plant tissue. <u>Mix</u> sample by inversion between aliquots to ensure all aliquots are equally homogeneous.
- 3. <u>Pellet</u> samples by centrifugation at 12,000 x G at RT for 5 min.
- 4. <u>Discard</u> supernatant leaving behind only a nuclei pellet and no residual liquid.
- 5. <u>Freeze</u> samples on dry ice or liquid nitrogen, and <u>store</u> at -80°C until ready to proceed to the *Estimating Input Amount* protocol in the following section.

### **Estimating Input Amount**

**Input:** Crosslinked nuclei (e.g. derived from crosslinked seedlings or grass tissue) **Output:** Purified genomic DNA

**Before you begin:** The *Estimating Input Amount* protocol is required if one does *not* know how much crosslinked nuclei will comprise 500ng-5µg of DNA, and if sufficient crosslinked nuclei are available to perform this protocol. Arima-HiC reactions are optimally performed on crosslinked nuclei comprising ~500ng-5µg of DNA. The *Estimating Input Amount* protocol measures the amount of DNA obtained from nuclei derived from 125mg of crosslinked plant tissue, which guides the calculation of the optimal input for an Arima-HiC reaction. The Arima-HiC kit contains enough reagents to perform this protocol on 8 samples. This protocol concludes with a descriptive example of how to calculate the estimate amount of crosslinked nuclei to use per Arima-HiC reaction.

Note: Step 2 requires addition of several reagents in the same step. These reagents should be combined into master mixes with 10% excess volume before use.

1. <u>Thaw</u> one aliquot of crosslinked nuclei prepared by the above *Nuclei Isolation* workflow.

Reagent	Volume per reaction	10% extra		# reactions		Final
Elution Buffer	174µL	191.4µL	х	2	=	382.8µL
Buffer D	10.5µL	11.55µL	х	2	=	23.1µL
Enzyme D	25µL	27.5µL	х	2	=	55µL
Total	209.5µL					460.9µL

2. Add 209.5µL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

3. <u>Add</u> 20µL of ● **Buffer E**, <u>mix</u> gently by pipetting, and <u>incubate</u> as follows. If using a thermal cycler, set the lid temperature to 85°C.

Temperature	Time
55°C	30 min.
68°C	90 min.
4°C	8

Note: DNA Purification Beads (e.g. AMPure<sup>®</sup> XP Beads) should be warmed to RT and thoroughly mixed before use. The DNA Purification Beads are a *user-supplied reagent* and should not be mistaken for the Enrichment Beads or QC Beads provided in the Arima-HiC kit.

- 4. Add 150µL of **DNA Purification Beads**, mix thoroughly, and incubate at RT for 5 min.
- 5. <u>Place</u> sample against magnet, and <u>incubate</u> until solution is clear.

- 6. <u>Discard</u> supernatant. While sample is still against magnet, <u>add</u> 400μL of 80% ethanol, and <u>incubate</u> at RT for 1 min.
- <u>Discard</u> supernatant. While sample is still against magnet, <u>add</u> 400µL of 80% ethanol, and <u>incubate</u> at RT for 1 min.
- 8. <u>Discard</u> supernatant. While sample is still against magnet, <u>incubate</u> beads at RT for 3 5 min. to air-dry the beads.
- 9. <u>Remove</u> sample from magnet, <u>resuspend</u> beads thoroughly in 20µL of **Elution Buffer**, and <u>incubate</u> at RT for 5 min.
- 10. <u>Place</u> sample against magnet, <u>incubate</u> until solution is clear, and <u>transfer</u> supernatant to a new tube.
- 11. <u>Quantify</u> sample using Qubit<sup>®</sup>. The total DNA yield corresponds to the amount of DNA obtained from 125mg of plant tissue. *Divide this number by 125 to determine the DNA per mg of tissue.*
- 12. <u>Estimate</u> how many milligrams of plant tissue to use per Arima-HiC reaction. See the example description below:

**Example:** In the following *Arima-HiC Protocol*, it is recommended to use crosslinked nuclei corresponding to at least 500ng of DNA per Arima-HiC reaction, but no more than 5µg of DNA. If 2ng of DNA was obtained *per milligram* of crosslinked nuclei as calculated in step 11, one can estimate that crosslinked nuclei derived from *at least* 250mg of plant tissue (~500ng of DNA) is needed for Arima-HiC. More crosslinked nuclei should be used if available, as long as the total DNA per reaction is not more than 5µg. Additionally, please note that the crosslinked nuclei pellet for one Arima-HiC reaction should occupy no more than 20µL of volume in the sample tube. If the crosslinked nuclei pellet comprises 500ng-5µg of DNA but occupies greater than 20µL of volume, aliquot the sample into multiple Arima-HiC reactions such that the sum of the DNA input from all reactions is at least 500ng and each nuclei pellet occupies no more than 20µL of volume, or contact Technical Support for additional guidance.

**Recommended HiC Input Amount Explanation:** The recommendation to use crosslinked nuclei comprising at least 500ng of DNA is only a *general* recommendation. If crosslinked nuclei comprising at least 500ng of DNA cannot be obtained, which is frequently the case for plant tissue samples, one should still proceed with the *Arima-HiC Protocol* as described in this user guide and then use our validated low-input library prep protocol.

### Arima-HiC Protocol

Input: Crosslinked nuclei containing ~500ng-5µg of DNA Output: Proximally-ligated DNA

**Before you begin:** The nuclei pellet for one Arima-HiC reaction should occupy no more than  $20\mu$ L of volume and should be devoid of any residual liquid. If the nuclei pellet occupies greater than  $20\mu$ L of volume, aliquot the nuclei such that the sum of the DNA input from all reactions is between 500ng-5µg and each nuclei pellet occupies no more than  $20\mu$ L of volume, or contact Technical Support for additional guidance. Note that steps 2 – 3 require consecutive heated incubations. Make sure your thermal device(s) are set to 62°C and 37°C for these incubations. The safe stopping point in this section is after completing Step 21.

- 1. <u>Resuspend</u> one reaction of crosslinked nuclei in 20µL of **Water** in a tube or a well of a PCR plate.
- Add 24µL of Conditioning Solution, mix gently by pipetting, and incubate at 62°C for 10 min. If using a thermal cycler, set the lid temperature to 85°C.
- 3. <u>Add</u> 20µL of **Stop Solution 2**, <u>mix</u> gently by pipetting, and <u>incubate</u> at 37°C for 15 min. If using a thermal cycler, set the lid temperature to 85°C.

Note: Steps 4, 6, 8 and 10 require addition of several reagents in the same step. These reagents should be combined into master mixes following the master mix tables.

Reagent	Volume per reaction	10% extra		# reactions		Final
<ul> <li>Buffer A</li> </ul>	7µL	7.7µL	х	2	=	15.4µL
Enzyme A1	1µL	1.1µL	х	2	=	2.2µL
Enzyme A2	4µL	4.4µL	х	2	=	8.8µL
Total	12µL					26.4µL

4. Add 12µL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

5. <u>Mix</u> gently by pipetting, and <u>incubate</u> as follows. If using a thermal cycler, set the lid temperature to 85°C. Note that there are sequential incubations at different temperatures:

Temperature	Time
37°C	60 min.
65°C	20 min.
25°C	10 min.

6. Add 16µL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume per reaction	10% extra		# reactions		Final
<ul> <li>Buffer B</li> </ul>	12µL	13.2µL	х	2	Ш	26.4µL
Enzyme B	4µL	4.4µL	х	2	Π	8.8µL
Total	16µL					35.2µL

- 7. <u>Mix gently by pipetting, and incubate</u> at room temperature (RT) for 45 min.
- 8. Add  $82\mu$ L of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume per reaction	10% extra		# reactions		Final
Buffer C	70µL	77µL	х	2	=	154µL
Enzyme C	12µL	13.2µL	х	2	=	26.4µL
Total	82µL					180.4µL

9. <u>Mix gently by pipetting</u>, and <u>incubate</u> at RT for 15 min.

Note: Enzyme D should be warmed to RT to prevent precipitation in the below master mix.

10. Add  $35.5\mu$ L of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume per reaction	10% extra		# reactions		Final
<ul> <li>Buffer D</li> </ul>	10.5µL	11.55µL	х	2	II	23.1µL
Enzyme D	25µL	27.5µL	х	2	=	55µL
Total	35.5µL					78.1µL

11. <u>Add</u> 20μL of • **Buffer E**, <u>mix</u> gently by pipetting, and <u>incubate</u> as follows. If using a thermal cycler, set the lid temperature to 85°C.

Temperature	Time
55°C	30 min.
68°C	90 min.
25°C*	10 min.*

\* To provide flexibility, this incubation can also be held overnight at 4°C. *Do not* incubate at 68°C for longer than 90 min. unless doing so using a thermal cycler with a heated lid.

Note: DNA Purification Beads (e.g. AMPure<sup>®</sup> XP Beads) should be warmed to RT and thoroughly mixed before use. The DNA Purification Beads are a *user-supplied reagent* and should not be mistaken for the Enrichment Beads or QC Beads provided in the Arima-HiC kit.

- 12. Add 100µL of DNA Purification Beads, mix thoroughly, and incubate at RT for 5 min.
- 13. <u>Place</u> sample against magnet, and <u>incubate</u> until solution is clear.
- 14. <u>Discard</u> supernatant. While sample is still against magnet, <u>add</u> 300µL of 80% ethanol, and <u>incubate</u> at RT for 1 min.
- 15. <u>Discard</u> supernatant. While sample is still against magnet, <u>add</u> 300µL of 80% ethanol, and <u>incubate</u> at RT for 1 min.
- <u>Discard</u> supernatant. While sample is still against magnet, <u>incubate</u> beads at RT for 3 5 min. to air-dry the beads.
- 17. <u>Remove</u> sample from magnet, <u>resuspend</u> beads thoroughly in 100μL of **Elution Buffer**, and <u>incubate</u> at RT for 5 min.
- 18. <u>Place</u> sample against magnet, <u>incubate</u> until solution is clear, and <u>transfer</u> supernatant to a new tube.
- 19. <u>Quantify</u> sample using Qubit<sup>®</sup>.

Note: As mentioned in the *Estimating Input Amount* section, it is common for Arima-HiC reactions on plant nuclei to yield less than 500ng of proximally-ligated DNA. However, if the yield is less than 275ng, we recommend skipping the Arima-QC1 assay mentioned in Step 20 and described in the following Arima-QC1 Quality Control section, and strongly recommend performing the Arima-QC2 assay described in our *Arima-HiC Library Preparation* user guide for low input samples.

- 20. <u>Transfer</u> 75ng of sample into a new tube labelled "Arima-QC1", and <u>add</u> Elution Buffer to Arima-QC1 to bring the volume to 50µL. The "Arima-QC1" sample should now contain 75ng of proximally-ligated DNA in 50µL of Elution Buffer. <u>Store</u> at -20°C until use in the following Arima-QC1 Quality Control protocol.
- 21. <u>Store</u> all samples at -20°C until ready to proceed to library preparation following an accompanying *Arima-HiC Library Preparation* user guide.

## Arima-QC1 Quality Control

**Before you begin:** The following protocol quantifies the fraction of proximally-ligated DNA that has been labeled with biotin, and is a quality control metric after completing the *Arima-HiC Protocol* but before proceeding to library preparation. The *Arima-QC1 Quality Control* protocol involves using **QC Beads** to enrich an aliquot of proximally-ligated DNA, which is then quantified using a Qubit<sup>®</sup> fluorometer. Unlike standard Qubit<sup>®</sup> readings which involve quantifying a transparent unobstructed DNA sample, the Arima-QC1 value is obtained by quantifying DNA that is still bound to the **QC Beads**. This protocol can be performed in either plates or tubes. Set your thermal device (thermal cycler or thermomixer) to hold at 55°C. After completing the *Arima-QC1 Quality Control* protocol, use the provided **Arima-HiC QC Worksheet** to determine the Arima-QC1 values.

- 1. If necessary, <u>thaw</u> the "Arima-QC1" samples prepared during Step 20 of the Arima-HiC *Protocol* in the previous section.
- 2. <u>Add</u> 50μL of **QC Beads**, <u>mix</u> thoroughly by pipetting, and <u>incubate</u> at RT for 15 min.
- 3. <u>Place</u> sample against magnet, and <u>incubate</u> until solution is clear.
- 4. <u>Discard</u> supernatant, and <u>remove</u> sample from magnet.
- 5. <u>Wash</u> beads by resuspending in 200µL of **Wash Buffer**, and <u>incubate</u> at 55°C for 2 min.
- 6. <u>Place</u> sample against magnet, and <u>incubate</u> until solution is clear.
- 7. <u>Discard</u> supernatant, and <u>remove</u> sample from magnet.
- 8. <u>Wash</u> beads by resuspending in 200µL of **Wash Buffer**, and <u>incubate</u> at 55°C for 2 min.
- 9. <u>Place</u> sample against magnet, and <u>incubate</u> until solution is clear.
- 10. <u>Discard</u> supernatant, and <u>remove</u> sample from magnet.
- 11. <u>Wash</u> beads by resuspending in 100µL of Elution Buffer.
- 12. <u>Place</u> sample against magnet, and <u>incubate</u> until solution is clear.
- 13. <u>Discard</u> supernatant, and <u>remove</u> sample from magnet.
- 14. <u>Resuspend</u> beads in 7µL of **Elution Buffer.** <u>Proceed</u> to next step with resuspended beads.

# Note: The following step involves the quantification of the *bead-bound* DNA using the Qubit<sup>®</sup> dsDNA HS Assay Kit.

- 15. <u>Quantify</u> the total amount of *bead-bound DNA* using Qubit<sup>®</sup>. Use 2µL of thoroughly mixed bead-bound DNA for the Qubit<sup>®</sup> assay.
- 16. <u>Determine</u> the Arima-QC1 value by following the Arima-HiC QC Worksheet. High quality Arima-QC1 values are expected to be >15%. If the Arima-QC1 value did not obtain a 'PASS' status, please contact Technical Support for troubleshooting assistance.

### Warranty and Contact Info

#### WARRANTY DISCLAIMERS

THE EXPRESS WARRANTIES AND THE REMEDIES SET FORTH ABOVE ARE IN LIEU OF, AND ARIMA GENOMICS AND ITS LICENSORS, SUPPLIERS AND REPRESENTATIVES HEREBY DISCLAIM, ALL OTHER REMEDIES AND WARRANTIES, EXPRESS, STATUTORY, IMPLIED, OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, SATISFACTORY QUALITY, NONINFRINGEMENT OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR REGARDING RESULTS OBTAINED THROUGH THE USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR SERVICE (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY CLAIM OF INACCURATE, INVALID OR INCOMPLETE RESULTS), IN EACH CASE HOWEVER ARISING, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION FROM A COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, DEALING OR USAGE OF TRADE, OR OTHERWISE. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ARIMA AND ITS LICENSORS, SUPPLIERS AND REPRESENTATIVES SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF USE, PROFITS, REVENUE, GOODWILL, BUSINESS OR OTHER FINANCIAL LOSS OR BUSINESS INTERUPTION, OR COSTS OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES, OR FOR ANY SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL, EXEMPLARY OR INDIRECT DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF WARRANTY.

#### WARRANTY

All warranties are personal to the Purchaser and may not be transferred or assigned to a third-party, including an affiliate of the Purchaser. The warranty described below excludes any stand-alone third-party goods that may be acquired or used with the Product. Arima Genomics only warrants that the kit reagents will be made and tested in accordance with Arima Genomics manufacturing and quality control processes. Arima Genomics makes no warranty that the reagents provided in this kit will work as intended by the Purchaser or for the Purchaser's intended uses. ARIMA GENOMICS MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. THERE IS NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The warranty provided herein and the data and descriptions of Arima Genomics products appearing in Arima Genomics product literature and website may not be altered except by express written agreement signed by an officer of Arima Genomics. Representations, oral or written, which are inconsistent with this warranty or such publications are not authorized and if given, should not be relied upon.

The foregoing warranties do not apply to the extent a non-conformance is due to (i) abuse, misuse, neglect, negligence, accident, improper storage, or use contrary to the Documentation or Specifications, (ii) use that is an Excluded Use, (iii) improper handling, (iv) unauthorized alterations, (v) natural disasters, or (vi) use with a third-party's good that is not specified in the product documentation. In the event of a breach of the foregoing warranty, customer shall promptly contact Arima Genomics customer support to report the non-conformance and shall cooperate with Arima Genomics in confirming or diagnosing the non-conformance. Additionally, Arima Genomics may request return shipment of the non-conforming product at Arima Genomics cost. Arima Genomics sole obligation shall be to replace the applicable product or part thereof, provided the customer notifies Arima Genomics within 90 days of any such breach. If after exercising reasonable efforts, Arima Genomics is unable to replace the product, then Arima Genomics shall refund to the Purchaser all monies paid for such applicable product.

#### CONTACT US

Technical Support: techsupport@arimagenomics.com Order Support: ordersupport@arimagenomics.com

Arima-HiC Kit User Guide for Plant Tissues Doc A160135 v01